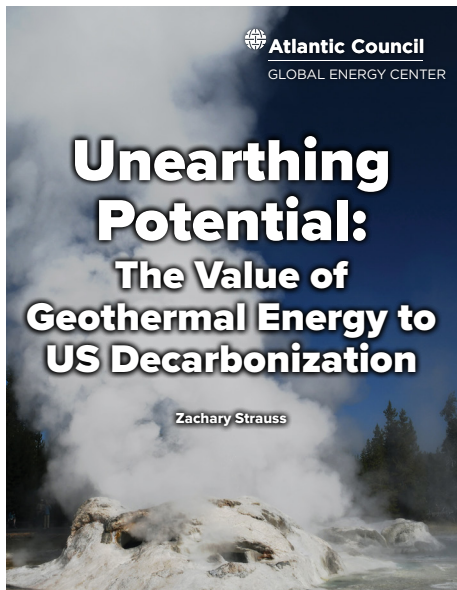


# Unearthing Potential: The Value of Geothermal to US Decarbonization



**A**chieving US climate goals requires the development and widespread deployment of all available clean energy solutions. Geothermal energy, while currently only a marginal component of the US energy economy, will be indispensable in the fight against climate change. Geothermal capacity can support deep decarbonization in a way that most other clean energy solutions cannot by providing: clean, baseload power; a highly efficient means to heat and cool buildings, campuses, and cities; a host of agricultural and industrial applications; and the potential for sustainable lithium production.

With proper financial and political support, geothermal energy could play a central role in decarbonizing the entire US economy. Deep decarbonization requires scaling proven solutions to difficult climate issues like sustainable lithium development, building-sector electrification, and grid reliability. As a nearly inexhaustible renewable resource with immense potential, the US geothermal energy sector is ready to take on the challenge; policymakers now must give it the opportunity.

Policy Category	Policy Options	Implementation Opportunity	Impact
<b>Geothermal permitting and leasing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allocate greater resources to the Bureau of Land Management and hire additional personnel with geothermal expertise</li> <li>Develop a digital application tracking system</li> <li>Enact legislation to allow geothermal categorical exclusions for resource confirmation</li> <li>Create centralized, geothermal-specific Renewable Energy Coordination Office</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>FY 2023 Appropriations</li> <li>Enact the Enhancing Geothermal Production on Federal Lands Act to enable such categorical exclusions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speed up permitting and leasing timeline and allow developers to take greater advantage of tax credits</li> <li>Reduce project costs and administrative fees and those associated with exploratory drilling</li> <li>Allow more projects to get over the finish line and in a timelier fashion</li> </ul>

Policy Category	Policy Options	Implementation Opportunity	Impact
<p><b>Recognizing geothermal power for its full value</b></p>	<p>Move away from the levelized cost of energy and toward a model that values geothermal power's value as a baseload, renewable energy source with a high capacity factor</p> <p>Integrate baseload renewable power into federal energy procurement standards</p>	<p>Executive Order on Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability: Requires 50 percent 24/7 carbon-free electrical energy use on a net annual basis in federal facilities by 2030</p>	<p>Increase compensation provided to geothermal developers for energy produced, increasing return on investment and improving overall project economics</p> <p>Federal government drives geothermal procurement, development, and deployment, recognizing its value as 24/7 carbon-free energy</p>
<p><b>Tax credits</b></p>	<p>Raise current geothermal power and heat pump tax credits to parity with solar and extend them for at least five years</p> <p>Provide tax credits through a direct pay mechanism rather than tax equity financing</p>	<p>Enact the Groundsource Exchange Tax Parity Act to peg the GHP commercial ITC to that afforded to solar (from 10 percent to 26 percent)</p> <p>Extend the geothermal PTC beyond its 2021 expiration</p> <p>Enact the Energy Sector Innovation Credit (ESIC) Act, to provide geothermal power and heat pumps with credits based on total market penetration</p>	<p>Raising and pegging geothermal credits to parity with solar would ensure they remain a fixture of the tax code at a rate that supports sector growth, and longer-term extension establishes investor, developer, and homeowner confidence</p> <p>Direct pay allows a project developer or homeowner to take advantage of the full value of a credit, with no premiums to third-party lenders or need for tax equity</p> <p>Enacting ESIC Act would help GHP use and the geothermal power sector, which have low levels of market penetration</p>
<p><b>Research, development, and deployment</b></p>	<p>Create advanced geothermal demonstration program, similar to that developed for nuclear energy</p>	<p>IIJA Implementation and FY 2023 Appropriations</p>	<p>Allocating additional money for advanced geothermal demonstration would enable deployable EGS to develop more quickly and facilitate improved drilling and resource identification technologies</p>